Sydney Storie T00543348

Microteaching 2 Lesson Plan

Class Description

ESAL 0352 is an Advanced ESL class at TRU. There are 14 students in total from different cultural backgrounds. This lesson plan can be used in a face to face or online setting.

Terminal Objective

Students will be able to ...

Understand, identify, and use the simple present and present perfect. Understand the brief history behind Halloween and Trick-or-Treating Understand the important dates of the Canadian Fur Trade

Enabling Objectives

- Students will practice identifying the different verb tenses in a selection of text.
- Students will be able to work together to recreate the fur trade timeline.

Materials & Equipment

PowerPoint slides- Fur Trade Timeline Computer Worksheet Simple past and present perfect Timeline cards Tape Scissors

Procedures/ Activity	What is the TEACHER doing?	What are the STUDENTS doing?
Warm-Up Activity 10 minutes	Describe the warm-up activity. Listening comprehension. Watch the 3-minute Halloween video with students. Go through questions together.	Watch a video about Halloween. Answer the following questions during/after the video.
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R- VRAemIvbI	 True or False: Halloween began with the Celts people. (True) What season is ending when

		Halloween is celebrated? (Harvest season) 3) When did trick-or- treating become the holiday greeting? (the late 1930s)
Activity 1 15 minutes	Identify the simple past and present perfect in the worksheet provided. Go through an example with the students then hand out the worksheet. Give students 10 minutes to do the worksheet. Go over the worksheet with the class.	Students will work to identify the correct verb tense in the sentence. Students will circle the verb tense they think is correct. Students will have 10 minutes to work on the activity. Students will then go over the answers with the teacher and correct any mistakes.
Activity 2 25 minutes Fur Trade Timeline	Use the PowerPoint presentation to go through the fur trade timeline with the students. Discuss the historical dates and the events happening. After completing the PowerPoint presentation, cut each timeline card out separately, handout 2 timeline cards to each student. Then have students work together to re-make the fur trade timeline.	Students will write down notes regarding the fur trade timeline. Students should keep track of the important dates presented in the PowerPoint slides. After reviewing the Fur trade presentation, students will receive 2 timeline cards. Students must work together to re- create the fur trade timeline. Students will line up in the correct order with their timeline cards. Once the students are in the correct order, students will go through the timeline again, one by one stating which date and event occurred.
Closing Activity 10 minutes	Ask the class the following question:	To be dismissed from class, students must
	 What is something new that you have learned about Halloween or the Canadian Fur Trade Timeline? 	answer the following question

	Have students share their thoughts then dismiss each student as they answer.	 What is something new that you have learned about Halloween or the Canadian Fur Trade Timeline? 	
Evaluation/Assess	ment		
Participation and attendance. While participating, are students able to get most of the			
questions correct?			
Homework			
No homework.			

Activity 1: Worksheet

In groups, identify the correct verb tense in either the simple past or present perfect.

EXERCISE 2 SIMPLE PAST AND PRESENT PERFECT

GRAMMAR NOTES 1, 3 Complete the story. Circle the correct answers.

Carmen Peralta and Josh Smith <u>got married</u> / have gotten married five years ago. Their marriage almost <u>didn't happen / hasn't happened</u>, though. They <u>2</u>. <u>met / have met</u> at a restaurant when Josh was studying in Spain. Carmen's friend Ramón <u>invited</u> / has invited her and her girlfriend Alicia to go with him <u>4</u>. and Josh. Carmen says, "That night, <u>1 thought</u> / <u>1've thought</u>, 'He's the most <u>5</u>. opinionated man <u>1 ever met</u> / <u>1've ever met</u>.' Then, a couple of weeks afterwards, Josh <u>called</u> / <u>has called</u> me and <u>asked</u> / <u>has asked</u> me out. <u>1 wanted</u> / <u>1've wanted</u> to say no, but something

 $\frac{\text{made } / \text{ has made }}{10.}$ me accept. After that, one thing $\frac{\text{led } / \text{ has led }}{11.}$ to another." For his part, Josh says, "Carmen is unique. I never knew / I've never known 12. anyone even remotely like her." Carmen says, "At first glance, you might have trouble seeing how Josh and I could be married. In certain ways, we're as different as night and day. I was born in Spain; he was born in the United States. I'm an early bird; he's a night owl. He's conservative; I'm liberal. He <u>always loved / has always loved sports</u>, and 13. I was never able / I've never been able to stand them. I guess you might say, ultimately, that we're a case of opposites being attracted to each other."



Activity 2: Fur Trade Timeline

PowerPoint Presentation: <u>fur trade</u>

	rade- Use for Activity 2]
I have	I have	I have	I have
1653	1660	1666	1668
The first voyageurs paddle west from Montreal. Who has 1660?	Radisson and Des Groseillers return from Lake Superior with 100 canoes full of furs. Who has 1666?	British investors, including Prince Rupert, pay for Radisson and Des Graseilliers to explore a fur-trader route through Hudson Bay to avoid paying the French Taxes. Who has 1668?	The investors pay for Zachariah Gillam to sail the 15-metre Nonsuch through a northern route from Gravesend, England, into James Bay to Trade fur. Who has 1669?
I have	I have	I have	I have
1669	1670	1673	1682
Gillam returned to England after spending the winter at the mouth of the Rupert River and they brought £1,300 in furs. Who has 1670?	The "Governor and Company of Adventurers of England Trading into Hudson's Bay" (the Hudson's Bay Company) forms. Who has 1673?	HBC begin to build forts along Hudson Bay and James Bay. Who has 1682?	A group of Montreal Merchants forms the Compagnie du Nord to compete with HBC. Who has 1684?
I have	I have	I have	I have
1684	1713	1715	1768
HBC completes building forts along Hudson Bay and James Bay. Who has 1718?	The war between England and France ends; as part of the peace treaty, the French return several HBC forts to English control. Who has 1715?	Rats and insects destroy the furs stored in Montreal warehouses. More furs are needed, fast. Who has 1768?	HBC sees huge losses as Montrealers push west to get to the First Nations before they trade with HBC. Who has 1774?

Timeline card for Fur Trade- Use for Activity 2

I have	I have	I have	I have
1774	1778 Contain Jamas Caalaa	1779	1780
Samuel Hearne builds Cumberland House, the first HBC trade post inland, rather than on the coast. Who has 1778?	Captain James Cooke stops off the B.C. coast to trade for sea– otter fur with Indigenous peoples. Who has 1779?	English, Scottish and French-Canadian businessmen in Montreal form the North West Company to compete with HBC.	An English company makes the first Hudson's Bay Company point blanket, with black stitched lines or points.
Who has 1770.		Who has 1780?	Who has 1788?
I have	I have	I have	I have
1788	1789	1793	1798
NWC builds Fort Chipewyan on Lake Athabasca in what is now northeastern Alberta.	Alexander Mackenzie makes it to the Arctic for the NWC. Who has 1793?	The Nor'Westers control more than three-quarters of fur sales: Mackenzie reaches the Pacific Ocean by land.	HBC introduces its legendary creamy white blankets with green, red, yellow and blue stripes.
Who has 1778?		Who has 1798?	Who has 1804?
I have	I have	I have	I have
1804	1816	1821	1825
NWC builds Fort William on northwestern Lake Superior to replace its fort at Grand Portage now in American territory.	A battle between the two fur trading companies happens at Seven Oaks. Who has 1821?	The North West Company and the Hudson Bay Company combine. Who has 1825?	HBC sets up its first post on the west coast, Fort Vancouver, in what is now Washington State. Who has1831?
Who has 1816?			
I have	I have	I have	I have
1820	1831	1867	1870
The fur trade is about 250 years old and	HBC establishes Lower Fort Garry, just	Canada becomes a country.	Rupert's Land becomes a part of Canada when the

furs are harder to	north of Winnipeg.	Who has 1870?	HBC signs the Deed
find. Silk hats			of
become	Who has 1867?		Surrender. Settlers
popular in Europe			start to flow west in
and HBC profits			even-greater
decrease.			numbers, setting up
			farms,
Who has 1831?			businesses and towns.